IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 6, 7, 10, 17, and 19-22 have been amended herein. All of the pending claims 1 through 25 are presented below. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings in the application. Please enter these claims as amended.

- 1. (Original) An insulating material for a rocket motor, comprising: a cured elastomer; and vapor-grown carbon fibers dispersed in the cured elastomer.
- 2. (Original) The insulating material of claim 1, wherein the vapor-grown carbon fibers comprise an internal graphitized tube surrounded by a sheath of vapor-deposited amorphous carbon.
- 3. (Original) The insulating material of claim 1, wherein the vapor-grown carbon fibers have an average diameter from about 0.1 micron to about 0.8 micron.
- 4. (Original) The insulating material of claim 3, wherein the average diameter of the vapor-grown carbon fibers is about 0.2 micron.
- 5. (Original) The insulating material of claim 1, wherein the vapor-grown carbon fibers have an average length from about 50 microns to about 200 microns.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The insulating material of claim 1, wherein the vapor-grown carbon fibers comprise not more than 30 weight percent of a total weight of the insulation insulating material.

- 7. (Currently Amended) The insulating material of claim 6, wherein the vapor-grown carbon fibers comprise at least 10 weight percent of the total weight of the insulation insulating material.
- 8. (Original) The insulating material of claim 1, wherein the cured elastomer is formed from a precursor composition comprising at least one crosslinkable polymer.
- 9. (Original) The insulating material of claim 8, wherein the at least one crosslinkable polymer comprises between about 55 weight percent and about 70 weight percent of a total weight of the precursor composition.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The insulating material of claim 8, wherein the at least one crosslinkable polymer is selected from the group consisting of EPDM terpolymer, polybutadiene, polyisoprene, poly(acrylonitirleacrylonitrile-co-butadiene), and a precursor of natural rubber.
- 11. (Original) The insulating material of claim 8, wherein the precursor composition further comprises a sulfur-containing curative.
- 12. (Original) The insulating material of claim 1, wherein the insulating material is formulated to have a perpendicular and a parallel elongation of greater than 30%, a parallel tensile strength of greater than 1000 psi, and a tear resistance of greater than 170 pli.
- 13. (Original) The insulating material of claim 1, wherein the insulating material is formulated to have a volume resistivity between about 5×10^9 and 5×10^{14} Ohms·cm.
- 14. (Original) A method for making an insulating material for a rocket motor, comprising:

 providing a composition comprising at least one crosslinkable polymer and vapor-grown carbon

fibers;

dispersing the vapor-grown carbon fibers in the at least one crosslinkable polymer; and crosslinking the at least one crosslinkable polymer to form a cured elastomeric insulating material having the vapor-grown carbon fibers dispersed therein.

- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein dispersing the vapor-grown carbon fibers in the at least one crosslinkable polymer comprises dispersing vapor-grown carbon fibers having an internal graphitized tube surrounded by a sheath of vapor-deposited amorphous carbon in the at least one crosslinkable polymer.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein dispersing the vapor-grown carbon fibers in the at least one crosslinkable polymer comprises dispersing vapor-grown carbon fibers having an average diameter of about 0.1 micron to about 0.8 micron in the at least one crosslinkable polymer.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim—15 16, wherein-dispersing dispersing the vapor-grown carbon fibers having—an the average diameter of about 0.1 micron to about 0.8 micron in the at least one crosslinkable polymer comprises dispersing vapor-grown carbon fibers having an average diameter of about 0.2 micron in the at least one crosslinkable polymer.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein dispersing the vapor-grown carbon fibers in the at least one crosslinkable polymer comprises dispersing vapor-grown carbon fibers having an average length between about 50 microns and about 200 microns in the at least one crosslinkable polymer.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein providing-a the composition comprising-at the at least one crosslinkable polymer-and and the vapor-grown carbon fibers comprises providing a composition comprising at least one crosslinkable polymer

selected—from the group consisting of EPDM terpolymer, polybutadiene, polyisoprene, poly(acrylonitirleacrylonitrile-co-butadiene), and a precursor of natural rubber.

- 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein providing-a the composition comprising-at the at least one crosslinkable polymer-and and the vapor-grown carbon fibers comprises providing a composition comprising at least one crosslinkable polymer, vapor-grown carbon fibers and a sulfur-containing curative.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein crosslinking the at least one crosslinkable polymer to form-a the cured elastomeric insulating material comprises crosslinking the at least one crosslinkable polymer to form a cured elastomeric insulating material formulated to have a volume resistivity between about 5×10^9 and 5×10^{14} Ohms cm.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 14, wherein crosslinking the at least one crosslinkable polymer to form-a the cured elastomeric insulating material comprises crosslinking the at least one crosslinkable polymer to form a cured elastomeric insulating material having a perpendicular and a parallel elongation of greater than 30%, a parallel tensile strength of greater than 1000 psi, and a tear resistance of greater than 170 pli.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein dispersing the vapor-grown carbon fibers in the at least one crosslinkable polymer is performed under substantially solvent-free conditions.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein dispersing the vapor-grown carbon fibers in the at least one crosslinkable polymer is performed in the absence of an organic solvent.

25. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein dispersing the vapor-grown carbon fibers in the at least one crosslinkable polymer comprises substantially homogeneously dispersing the vapor-grown carbon fibers in the at least one crosslinkable polymer.